

Monitoring connexin43 activity in the rodent brain using advanced MRI

AIM

Validating Manganese Enhanced MRI (MEMRI) as a new in vivo tool to assess astrocyte connexin 43 (Cx43) activity in the brain

METHODS

• T1-weighted MRI following i.p. administration of Mn2+ (Ca2+ analog used as an MRI contrast agent to map neuronal activity)

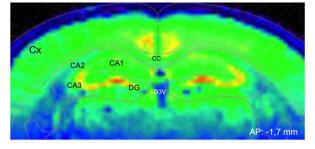
 Modulation of Cx43 functional activity using local astrocyte-specific Cx43 knockdown or systemic administration of Cx43 blockers

RESULTS

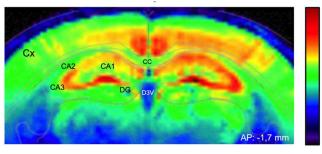
• Local Cx43 knockdown and systemic Cx43 blocking induces significant changes in MEMRI signal intensity

CONCLUSION

 Manganese Enhanced MRI is a promising technique for assessing the pharmacological profiles of Cx43 modulators CONTROL



Cx43 BLOCKER



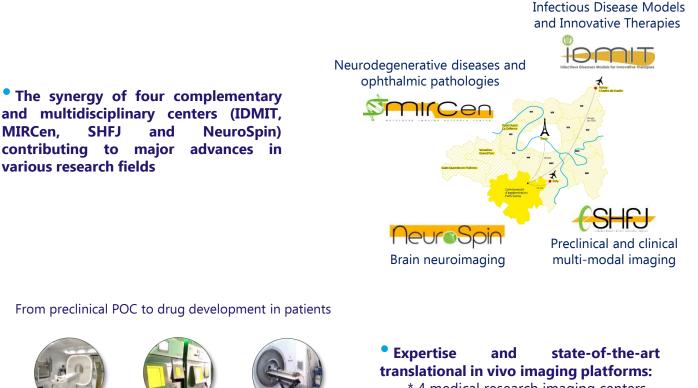
Effects of acute treatment with systemic Cx43 blocker versus Control on MEMRI signal intensity in the mouse hippocampus: T1-weighted MRI signal intensity (SI) in the hippocampus after treatment administration



SI

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